

IN THE APPLICATION
OF
Gabor Orosz
FOR
Tile Protector Platform
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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates generally to stands and, more specifically, to a floor-tile platform that is used with freshly laid tile to allow walking on the floor while the adhesive dries prior to applying the grout. The tile-platform is suspended over the tiled floor by means of posts situated within the grout lines. The tile-platform is comprised of a planar sheet having a plurality of apertures passing therethrough for the selective placement of posts selectively placed in the tile-platform to coincide with the location of grout lines. The tile-platform is then placed over the tiled floor with the posts within the grout lines thereby suspending the tile-platform above the tiled floor. The tile-platform can have a top surface of a frictional material to prevent slipping.

Furthermore, the present invention provides for an additional element in the form of a planar sheet having a plurality of punched extendable tabs that form the posts when bent in a downward fashion perform the similar function as the posts. In the preferred embodiment, the posts are threaded fasteners that are selectively screwed into the appropriate apertures.

Description of the Prior Art

There are other devices designed for tiles. Typical of these is U.S. Patent No. 262,508 issued to Thomson on August 8, 1882.

Another patent was issued to Neice on September 12, 1905 as U.S. Patent No. 799,487. Yet another U.S. Patent No. 4,489,448 was issued to Cairo on December 25, 1984 and still yet another was issued on June 9, 1992 to Dierolf as U.S. Patent No. 5,119,904.

Another patent was issued to Monaco on October 5, 1993 as U.S. Patent No. 5,249,397. Yet another U.S. Patent No. 5,664,641 was issued to Ritze on September 9, 1997. Another was issued to Johnson, et al. on March 6, 2003 as U.S. Patent No. 2003/42374 and still yet another was issued on September 5, 2001 to Marshall, et al. as Canadian Patent No. CA2303950.

U.S. Patent Number 262,508

Inventor: William P. Thomson

Issued: August 8, 1882

A roof-seat for shingling and other purposes provided with spikes or anchoring devices at either or both ends, and consisting of a front upright, a top adjustable on and over the upper end of the upright, and side braces connecting the upright with the top and adjustable along the top, substantially as specified.

U.S. Patent Number 799,487

Inventor: James L. Neice

Issued: September 12, 1905

A roof-bracket comprising a seat, angular supporting brackets at opposite sides of the seat, each supporting-bracket comprising a horizontal arm and a vertical leg, the arm being secured to the seat and provided with a spurred forward end, a brace extending diagonally between the arm and leg of each bracket, the brace being secured at its upper end to the arm, a transverse brace between the legs of the bracket, adjustable leg-sections slidably engaging the legs of the brackets and each provided with a pair of slots, a connecting and guide stud fastening the lower end of the diagonal bracket to the lower end of the leg and projecting through the lower slot in the leg and forming a fastening and guiding member therefor, a bolt passing through the leg section and adjoining end of the transverse brace and through the upper slot in the leg-section, whereby the bolt forms a fastening for the transverse brace and a guide and fastening for the leg section, and a nut upon the bolt for securing the same in adjusted position, whereby the leg-section is slidably mounted upon the leg.

U.S. Patent Number 4,489,448

Inventor: John B. Cairo

Issued: December 25, 1984

A foot support for use in a shower stall or bathtub enclosure during showering, whereon a person can rest or support his foot while applying soap thereto, the support including a series of indentation therein that conform to a bather's foot, either left or right, wherein the foot is rested and supported as it is soaped, eliminating slippage thereof as it is pivoted and canted as it is washed.

U.S. Patent Number 5,119,904

Inventor: Dave Dierolf

Issued: June 9, 1992

Means and method are provided for walking on residential and commercial tile roofs with minimal breakage of the tile, there being a support provided having a planar backboard of plywood or the like with a pair of spaced, soft resilient parallel cushions on the front surface which are laid down into the troughs of the tile roof to distribute weight, and to distribute the weight particularly into the troughs of the roof, which are supported underneath by the sub-roof. The supports are distributed in a pathway over the roof to get the workman to the point on the roof that he needs to access, without stepping directly on the tiles.

U.S. Patent Number 5,249,397

Inventor: Gary J. Monaco

Issued: October 5, 1993

A knockdown roof platform for use on an inclined roof comprising a table structure an upper flat table top is disclosed. The table structure has a hollowed area on its underside. Struts are formed integral inside the hollowed area on an underside of the upper flat table top. An upright leg structure is positioned at one end of the table structure having an upper flat table surface positioned in a common plane with the upper flat table top. A hinge connects the table structure and the upright leg structure in assembly together. Collapsible locking brackets further secure the table structure and the upright leg structure in assembly. The collapsible locking brackets are being adjustable to secure the table structure and the upright leg structure in right angular relation thereby positioning the upper flat table top co-planar with the upper flat table top on the table structure. The collapsible locking bracket is releasable enabling the table structure and the upright leg structure to be pivoted on the hinge thus moving and collapsing the table structure and the upright leg structure out of right angular relation relative to one another and into a storage position where the table structure and the upright leg structure extend almost in parallel relation.

U.S. Patent Number 5,664,641

Inventor: Donald E. Ritze

Issued: September 9, 1997

A stair step assembly provides a safe means for mounting a peaked roof. Individual steps interlock with each other and with tiles of a tile roof so that the assembly cannot slide off the roof. Each step has a platform supported from below by a frame having a primary and secondary rest. The rests lie in contact with the roof and provide a foot constructed so that one portion of the foot is in contact with a vertical edge of a line of tiles to prevent the step from sliding.

U.S. Patent Application Publication Number 2003/42374

Inventor: Marvin D. Johnson, et al.

Issued: March 6, 2003

A mounting assembly for securing a pedestal to a roof tile has a baseplate including a downwardly depending first hook at one end for receiving a first edge of the tile, an upwardly depending flange at an opposing end of the baseplate and a laterally extending stabilizer for engaging the surface of the tile. The mounting assembly includes a detachable bracket having an upwardly depending flange at one end and a downwardly depending second hook at an opposing end of the detachable bracket for receiving the second edge of the tile. The bracket is detachably coupled to the baseplate. The pedestal is secured to the baseplate.

Canadian Patent Number CA 2303950

Inventor: Dale Marshall, et al.

Issued: September 6, 2001

A raised floor system for installation over a base floor that allows ready access to the space created thereunder. Raised floor panels are supported above the base floor by and secured to base floor web tile assemblies that interconnect one to another. Each base floor web tile assembly includes a plurality of hollow metal cylinders with a lower portion to which a plastic base floor web tile is over molded. The base floor web tile has adhesion pads with apertures which allow adhesive to be injected below the tile from above. The adhesive is used to affix the interconnected base floor web tile assemblies to the base floor. Further, an upper surface of each metal cylinder has over-molded thereto a plastic floor panel support boss. The floor panel support boss engages with a threaded panel fastener to secure a raised floor panel to a floor panel support of a base floor web tile assembly. Services such as telephone, electricity and computer cables may be installed in the space under the raised floor panels

While these devices may be suitable for the purposes for which they were designed, they would not be as suitable for the purposes of the present invention, as hereinafter described.

SUMMARY OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

The present invention discloses a floor-tile platform that is used with freshly laid tile to allow walking on the floor while the adhesive dries prior to applying the grout. The tile-like platform is suspended over the tiled floor by means of posts situated within the grout lines. The tile platform is comprised of a planar sheet having a plurality of apertures passing therethrough for the selective placement of posts selectively placed in the tile platform to coincide with the location of grout lines. The tile platform is then placed over the tiled floor with the posts within the grout lines thereby suspending the tile platform above the tiled floor. The tile platform can have a top surface of a frictional material to prevent slipping. Furthermore, the present invention provides for an additional element in the form of a planar sheet having a plurality of punched extendable tabs that form the posts when bent in a downward fashion thereby performing a similar function as the posts. In the preferred embodiment, the posts are threaded fasteners that are selectively screwed into the appropriate apertures.

A primary object of the present invention is to provide a selectively locatable tile-platform for walking across a newly tiled floor while the adhesive dries. Another object of the present invention is to provide a tile-platform that sits above the tiles without engaging the tiles.

Yet another object of the present invention is to provide a tile-platform having a plurality of apertures for the selective positioning of posts.

Still yet another object of the present invention is to provide the tile-platform with threaded apertures for insertion of threaded posts.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a tile platform having a top surface with frictional material to prevent slippage.

Yet another object of the present invention is to provide a tile platform having a plurality of punched extendable tabs that serve as posts.

Still yet another object of the present invention is to provide a tile-platform having posts that reside within the inter-tile grout lines.

Another object of the present invention is to provide a tile platform wherein a plurality of the tile-platforms can be used to cross any size of newly tiled floor.

Yet another object of the present invention is to provide a tile-platform that is easy to manufacture.

Still yet another object of the present invention is to provide a tile-platform that can be reused by repositioning the threaded posts.

Additional objects of the present invention will appear as the description proceeds.

The present invention overcomes the shortcomings of the prior art by providing a floor-tile platform that is used with freshly laid tile to allow walking on the floor while the adhesive dries prior to applying the grout. The tile-platform is suspended over the tiled floor by means of posts situated within the grout lines. The tile-platform is comprised of a planar sheet having a plurality of apertures passing therethrough for the selective placement of posts selectively placed in the tile-platform to coincide with the location of grout lines. The tile-platform is then placed over the tiled floor with the posts within the grout lines thereby suspending the tile-platform above the tiled floor. The tile-platform can have a top surface of a frictional material to prevent slipping.

Furthermore, the present invention provides for an additional element in the form of a planar sheet having a plurality of punched extendable tabs that form the posts when bent in a downward fashion perform the similar function as the posts, in the preferred embodiment, the posts are threaded fasteners that are selectively screwed into the appropriate apertures.

The foregoing and other objects and advantages will appear from the description to follow.

In the description reference is made to the accompanying drawings, which form a part hereof, and in which is shown by way of illustration specific embodiments in which the invention may be practiced.

These embodiments will be described in sufficient detail to enable those skilled in the art to practice the invention, and it is to be understood that other embodiments may be utilized and that structural changes may be made without departing from the scope of the invention. In the accompanying drawings like reference characters designate the same or similar parts throughout the several views.

The following detailed description is, therefore, not to be taken in a limiting sense, and the scope of the present invention is best defined by the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In order that the invention may be more fully understood, it will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is an illustrative view of the present invention.

Figure 2 is an illustrative view of the present invention in use.

Figure 3 is an illustrative view of the present invention in use.

Figure 4 is a perspective view of the present invention.

Figure 5 is a perspective view of the present invention.

Figure 6 is a perspective view of the tile-platform having a variation in aperture placement.

Figure 7 is a bottom perspective view of an alternate tile-platform design.

Figure 8 is a sectional view of the present invention.

Figure 9 is a sectional view of the alternate of the present invention.

LIST OF REFERENCE NUMERALS

With regard to reference numerals used, the following numbering is used throughout the drawings.

- 10 present invention
- 12 platform
- 14 apertures
- 16 tile floor
- 18 post
- 20 tile gap
- 22 threads
- 24 corner
- 26 post in down position
- 28 post in up position
- 30 floor

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The following discussion describes in detail one embodiment of the invention. This discussion should not be construed, however, as limiting the invention to those particular embodiments since practitioners skilled in the art will recognize numerous other embodiments as well. For a definition of the complete scope of the invention, the reader is directed to the appended claims.

Turning to Figure 1, shown therein is an illustrative view of the present invention 10. The present invention 10 is a tile-platform 12 having a plurality of apertures 14 for the selective insertion of posts that when placed on a freshly laid tile floor 16, the posts extend into the grout lines holding the platform away from the newly tiled floor providing means for cross the newly tile floor without engaging the tiles. The tile-platform 12 is used to provide access to a newly tiled room 16 without disturbing or engaging the newly tiled floor.

Turning to Figure 2, shown therein is an illustrative view of the present invention 10 in use. The tile-platform 12 has a plurality of apertures 14 which may be threaded, for the insertion of posts 18 that also may be threaded. Once the posts 18 are inserted, the tile platform 12 is positioned with the posts located within grout lines or gaps 20 (prior to grouting) in a non-tile engaging position. A plurality of the tile-platforms 12 can be used to provide access to any newly tiled 16 room, regardless of tile size, while the tile bonding agent dries. They 10 are easily removed when the grout is to be applied.

Turning to Figure 3, shown therein is an illustrative view of the present invention 10 in use. Shown is the present invention 10 comprising a platform or bridge 12 for supporting the weight of a user 22 spaced away from a newly tiled floor 16, the platform having apertures 14 for selectively positioning posts 18 whereby the platform posts are selectively positioned in gaps 20 between various tile sizes, such as 6" X 6", 8" X 8", 12" X 12", 13" X 13", 16" X 16", etc, preventing engagement therewith.

Turning to Figure 4, shown therein is a perspective view of the present invention 10. Shown is a perspective view of the present invention 10 comprising a platform, or bridge 12 for supporting the weight of a user spaced away from a newly tiled floor, the platform having multiple apertures 14 that may be threaded at 22 for selectively positioning posts 18 that also may be threaded 22 whereby the platform posts are selectively positioned between tiles preventing engagement therewith.

Turning to Figure 5, shown therein is a perspective view of the present invention 10. Shown is an assembled tile-platform 12 having selectively positioned posts 18. The locations of the posts 18 are user selectable dependant on the size of the tiles being covered and the weight to be supported. The number of apertures 14 can vary as to size and position. The posts 18 can be conical in shape to fit between tiles having small grout lines.

Turning to Figure 6, shown therein is a perspective view of the tile-platform 12 of the present invention 10 having a variation in aperture 14 placement. Shown is an assembled tile-platform 12

having selectively positioned posts 18. The locations of the posts 18 are user defined dependant on the size of the tiles being covered and the weight to be supported. The number of apertures 14 can vary as to size and position. Another variation is illustrated of aperture positioning placing them diagonally from corner to corner 24. The posts 18 can be conical in shape to fit between tiles having small grout lines.

Turning to Figure 7, shown therein is a bottom perspective view of an alternate tile-platform 12 design of the present invention 10. Shown is a bottom perspective view of an alternate of the present invention 10 comprising a platform or bridge 12 for supporting the weight of a user spaced away from a newly tiled floor, the platform having bend down posts 26, 28 for selectively positioning posts whereby the platform posts are selectively positioned between tiles preventing engagement therewith. The bend down posts 26, 28 are manually and selectively bent and positioned by the user. Shown are posts in the down position 26 and in the up position 28.

Turning to Figure 8, shown therein is a sectional view of the present invention 10. Shown is a sectional view of the present invention 10 comprising a platform, or bridge 12 for supporting the weight of a user spaced away from a newly tiled floor 16, the platform having apertures for selectively positioning posts 18 whereby the platform posts are selectively positioned between tiles preventing engagement therewith. Also shown are the floor 20 and gaps 20.

Turning to Figure 9, shown therein is a sectional view of the alternate of the present invention

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10. Shown is a sectional view of the alternate design of the present invention 10 comprising a platform or bridge 12 for supporting the weight of a user spaced away from a newly tiled 16 floor, the platform having bend down posts 28 for selectively positioning posts whereby the platform posts are selectively positioned between tiles in gaps 20 preventing engagement therewith. Also shown is floor 30.